Internal E-mail Infrastructure Out Out Pre-Message Delivery processed **Translation** Queue Queue In ln Ř₁ Ok **Delivery of Out** Ok?  $R_x$ R<sub>3</sub> Defer Reflexion **SMTP** Security (w/Security) R<sub>2</sub> Reject P(s,r)**Other Networks** (The Internet)

Fig. 1 Architecture

**Legend:** s = sender identity

r = recipient identity

P(s,r) = Request security status on a message from s to r

R<sub>x</sub> = Security status on a message from s to r

R<sub>1</sub> = Ok, continue processing message

R<sub>2</sub> = Reject, do not process the message R<sub>3</sub> = Defer, temporarily defer the message back to the sending server

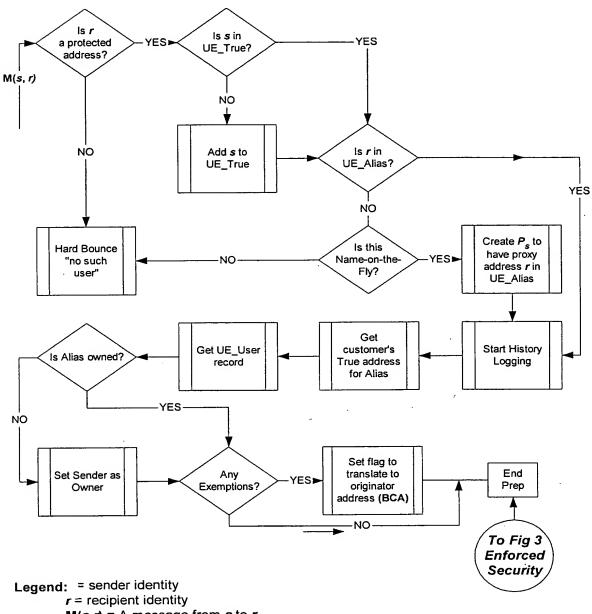


Fig. 2 Inbound Message Preparation

M(s,r) = A message from s to r

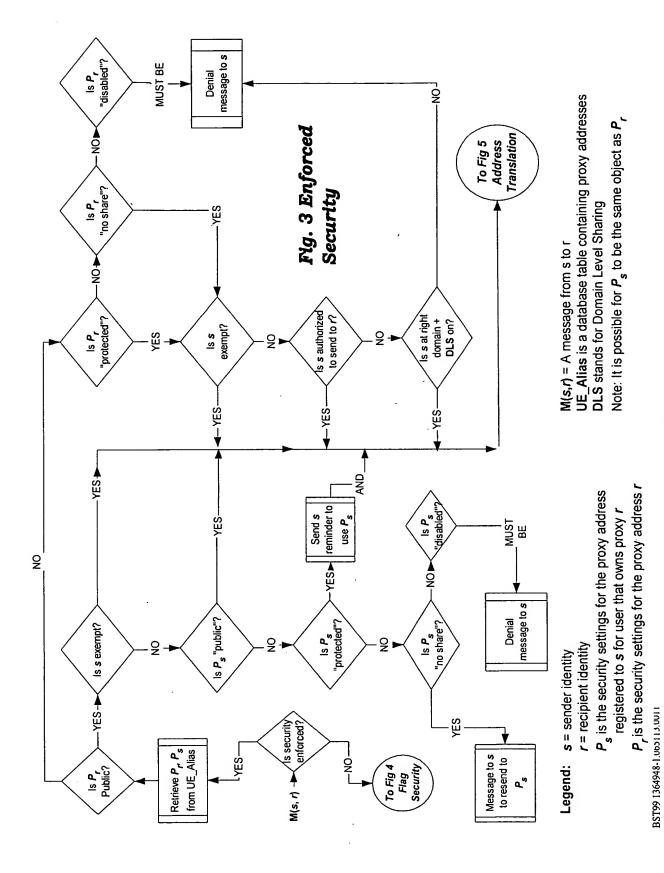
UE\_TRUE is a database table containing "real" (i.e. non-proxy) addresses

UE ALIAS is a database table containing proxy addresses

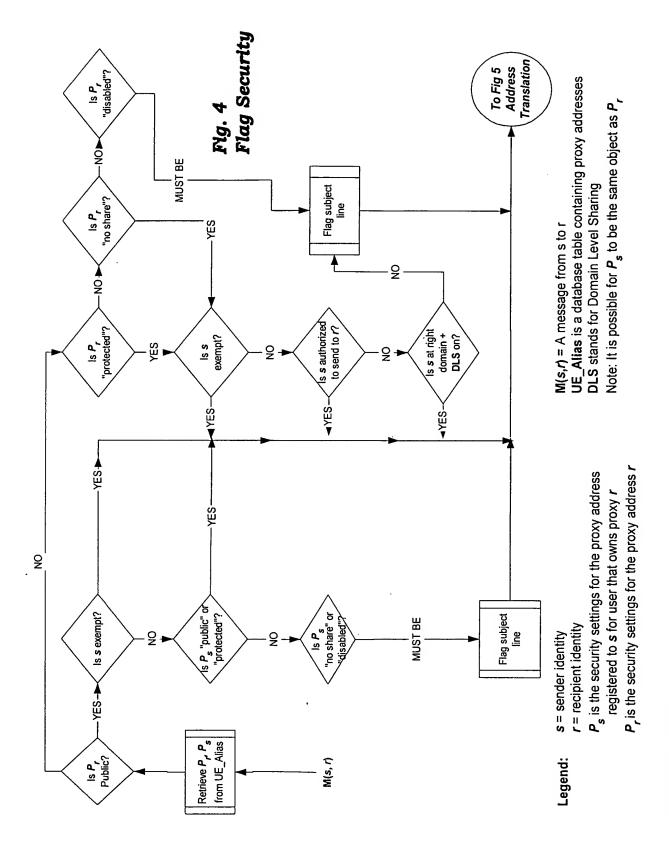
UE\_User is a database table containing user information

BCA = "Business Card Address", the originator address managed by the internal mail transport agent (i. e. mail server)

 $P_s$  is the security settings for the proxy address registered to s for user that owns originator address to which proxy r is a substitute



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# Fig. 5 Address Translations

#### "True" Identifiers (UE\_True table)

T1 = Inside Identifier 1

T2 = Outside Identifier 1

T3 = Outside Identifier 2

T4 = Inside Identifier 2

Tn = Outside Identifier n

s = sender identity

r = recipient identity

a = An address reference to translate

M(s,r) = A message from s to r

### Proxy Identifiers (UE\_Alias table)

 $P(T_{2,T_1})$  = Substitute identifier for T1, registered to T2

 $P(T_{3,T_1})$  = Substitute identifier for T1, registered to T3

 $P(T_{n,T_1})$  = Substitute identifier for T1, registered to Tn

 $P(T_{x,Tx}) = Tx$ , registered to Tx

**T(a)** = Method that returns tranlation of address **a** for a message from **s** to **r** 

 $D(T_{x, T_1}) = Method that returns the proxy P that Tx uses to send e-mail to T1.$ 

Sometimes  $D(T_{x,T_1}) \Leftrightarrow P(T_{x,T_1})$ 

## INBOUND, successfully past security, where:

1. 
$$a = r$$
,  $s = T2$ ,  $r = P(_{T2,T1})$ , then  $T(a) = T1$ 

2. 
$$a = r$$
,  $s = T2$ ,  $r = P(_{T3,T1})$ , then  $T(a) = T1$ 

3. 
$$a = P(_{T4, T4})$$
,  $s = T2$ ,  $r = P(_{T2, T1})$ , then  $T(a) = T4$ 

4. 
$$a = P(T_{4, T_4})$$
,  $s = T_2$ ,  $r = P(T_{3, T_1})$ , then  $T(a) = T_4$ 

5. 
$$a = T3$$
,  $s = T2$ ,  $r = P(T_{x, T1})$ , then  $T(a) = T3$ 

6. 
$$a = P(T_{Tx, Ty})$$
,  $s = T2$ , T2 is exempt,  $r = \text{any P}$ , then  $T(a) = Ty$ 

#### OUTBOUND, no security on outbound, where:

7. 
$$a = r$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ , then  $T(a) = P(_{T2, T1})$ 

8. 
$$a = r$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ ,  $D(_{T2, T1}) \Leftrightarrow P(_{T2, T1})$ , then  $T(a) = D(_{T2, T1})$ 

9. 
$$a = r$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ ,  $D(_{T2, T1}) = P(_{T2, T1})$ , then  $T(a) = P(_{T2, T1})$ 

10. 
$$a = r$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ , r is exempt, then  $T(a) = P(x_1, x_1)[s]$ 

11. 
$$a = T3$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ , then  $T(a) = P(_{T3-T1})$ 

12. 
$$a = T3$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ ,  $D(_{T3, T1}) \iff P(_{T3, T1})$ , then  $T(a) = D(_{T3, T1})$ 

13. 
$$a = T3$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ ,  $D(T_{11, T2}) = P(T_{2, T1})$ , then  $T(a) = P(T_{13, T1})$ 

14. 
$$a = T3$$
,  $s = T1$ ,  $r = T2$ , T3 is exempt, then  $T(a) = P(T_{1,T_1})[s]$ 

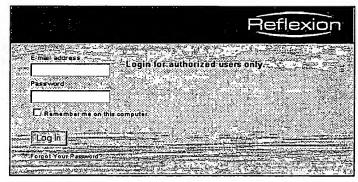


FIG. 7 Login Page

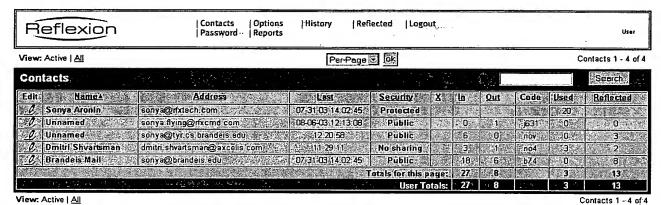


FIG. 8 Contacts List

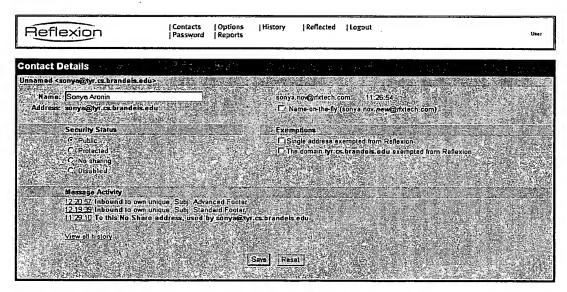


FIG. 9 Contact Details Page

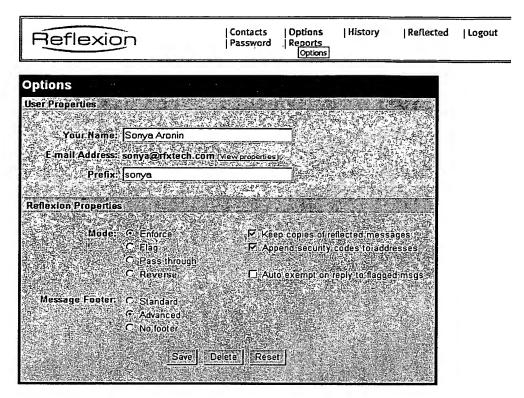


FIG. 10 Reflexion User Options Page

Reflexion	New User   Users	Exempts	History	Reports	Logout	Administrator
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FIG. 11 Administrator Add a Global Exemption Page

Reflexion	New User	Exempts	History	Reports	Logout
lew User					
		distribution of the second	+ ***	Lagrage December	are the least to
Enter the Name and Business Card	Address (BCA)	of the New	E de la company		
Name:		Trippysipaniassis venteria			
Business Card Address:		@ rfxtech.c	om		
Enter Additional Addresses that are	linked to the I	BCA, such as	old address	ses that are st	ill used.
Additional Address 1:		@ rfxtech.co	om	同	
Additional Address 2:		@ rfxtech.co	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	<b>T</b>	
Additional Address 3:		@ rfxtech.co			
User, Type: 🖖 C Domain Group?	Administrator	○ Norma	User		4.
	Create	Reset			
	TO DESCRIPTION				

FIG. 12 Administrator Create New User Page